



INFORMATION ON



A project funded by





# Cardiovascular disease in Catalonia



It is the leading cause of death in Catalonia

Antiplatelet treatment is very important to reduce cardiovascular risk.

Cardiovascular disease is easier to treat, and cardiovascular risk is easier to prevent, when these are detected early and the treatment recommended by the doctor is followed.

"Doing nothing" is not a good option if we want to reduce the risk of a new event.

# Cardiovascular risk factors

X	High cholesterol
<b>₽</b>	Diabetes
S.	High blood pressure
Ĝ÷	High heart rate
SS	Smoking
F	Stress
Ů	Overweight or obesity
i	Family history

## Complementary

#### measures

to decrease cardiovascular risk



Blood pressure control \*



Avoid tobacco and alcohol \*



Healthy and balanced diet \*



Lose weight \*



Regular exercise \*

### **Treatment**

It can vary depending on the stage at which the disease has been diagnosed and its evolution:



Following a healthy lifestyle is key to preventing cardiovascular events but, by itself, it does not decrease the risk of suffering a new one.



Treatment may vary depending on the stage at which the disease is diagnosed, and its course.



The doctor may prescribe one or more medications at a time, depending on the patient's characteristics.

# Antiplatelet agents

Benefits

Adverse effects

Administration

#### Acetylsalicylic acid - ASA

✓ Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ ★ Bleeding
★ ★ Gastrointestinal disorders
On an empty stomach and at least 1 hour before

#### Clopidogrel - Alone or in combination with ASA

○ Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ ★ Bleeding
① With or without food

#### **Triflusal**

✓ Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ ★ Indigestion
★ ★ Headache
★ ★ Gastrointestinal disorders
① With food

#### Ticagrelor - In combination with ASA

Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ Increases uric acid
★ Bleeding
★ Headache
★ Gastrointestinal disorders
With or without food

#### Prasugrel - In combination with ASA

Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ ★ Bleeding
★ ★ Anemia
With or without food

#### **Ticlopidine**

⊘ Decreases the risk of vascular events
★ ★ Neutropenia
★ ★ Headache
★ ★ Increased blood cholesterol
1 With food (lunch and dinner)

<sup>★★</sup> Very common. Can affect more than 1 in 10 people

<sup>★☆</sup> Common. Can affect less than 1 in 10 people



## Follow-up

# 

## Want to know more?



Use the QR Code to access the website www.iniciadores.es











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